

**Myeloma as a Paradigm for Bench to Bedside
Research**

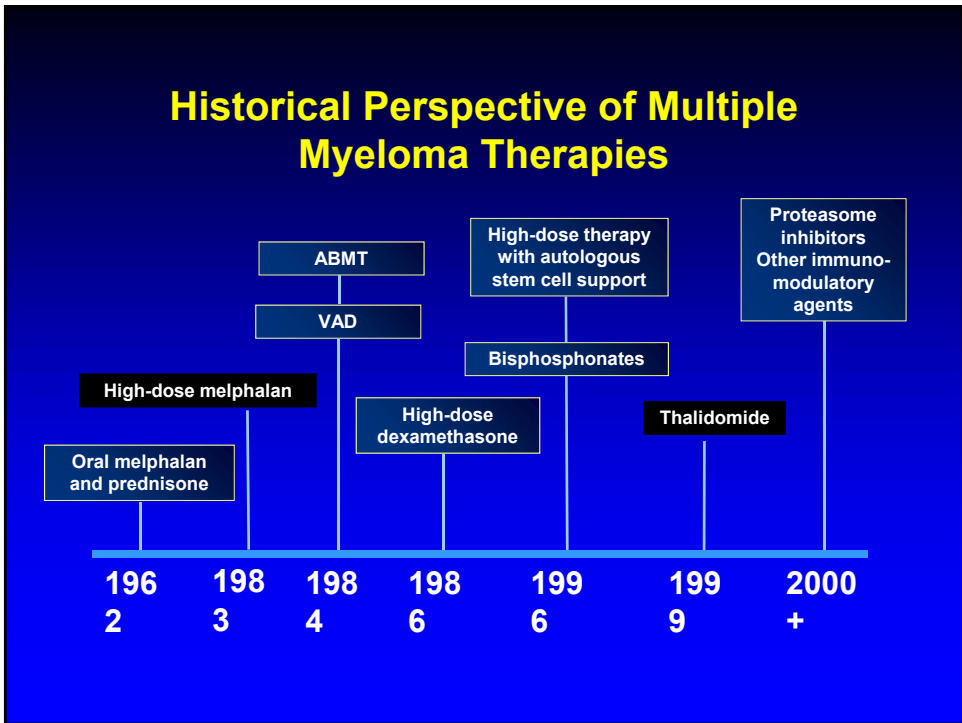
Kenneth C. Anderson, M.D.

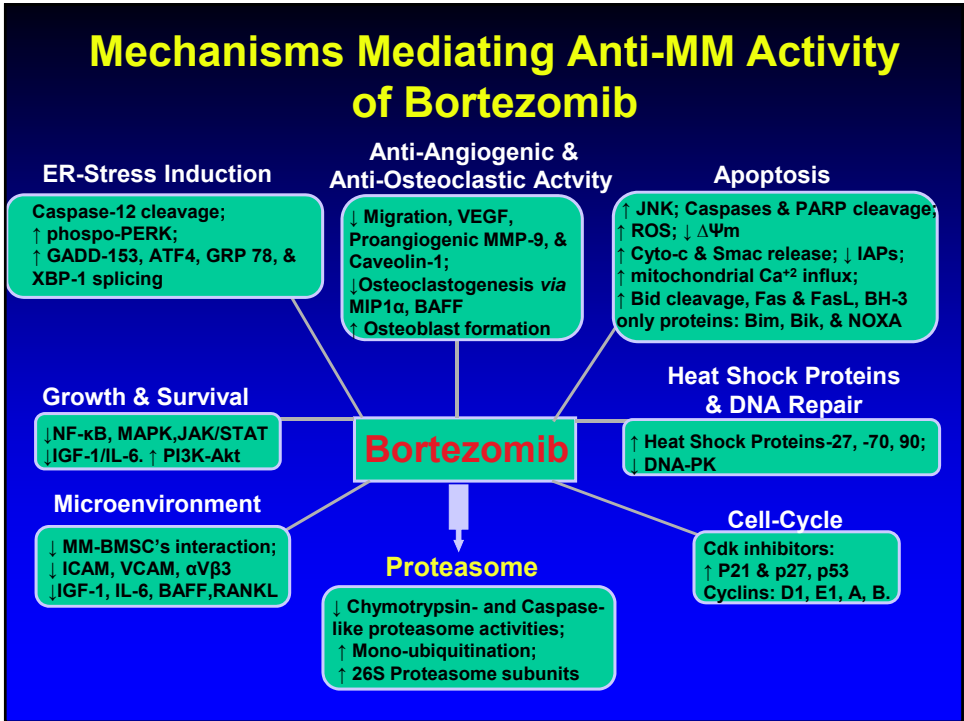
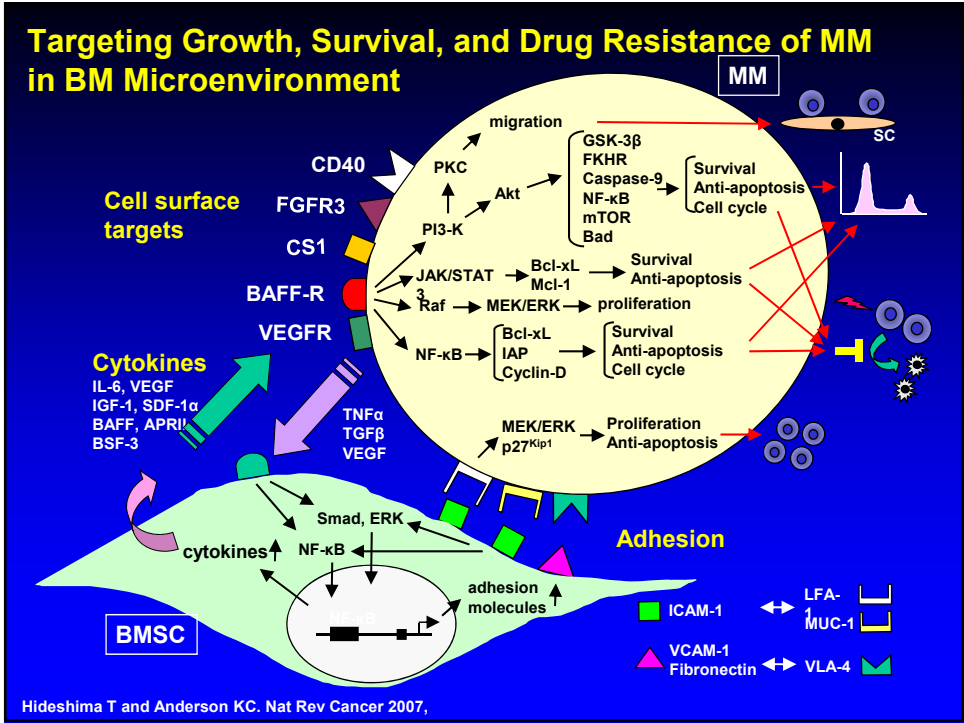
**Jerome Lipper Multiple Myeloma Center
Dana-Farber Cancer Institute
Harvard Medical School**

Conflict of Interest: Kenneth C. Anderson, M.D.

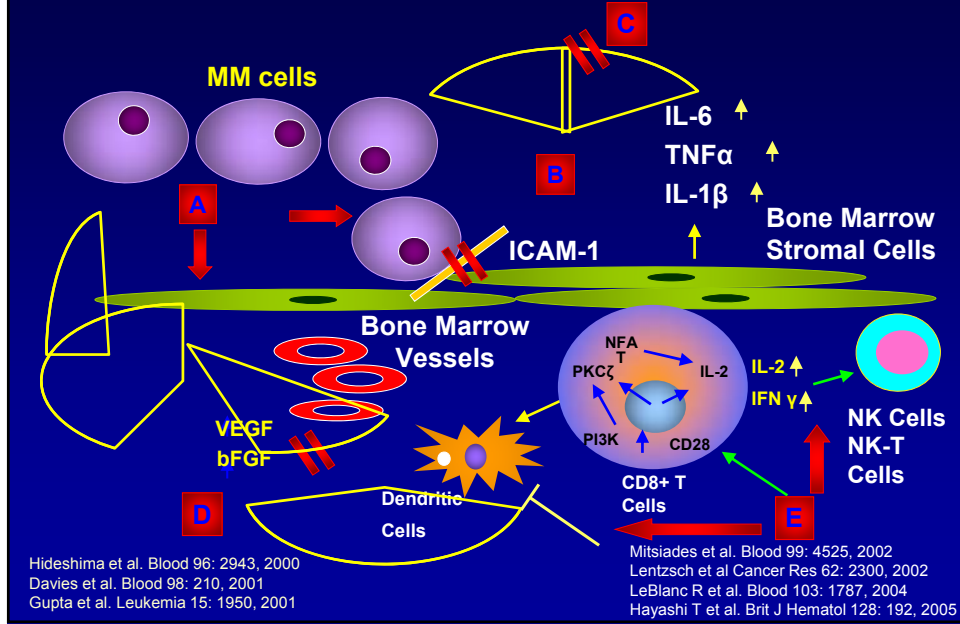
**Consultancy: Celgene, Onyx, Sanofi Aventis, and
Gilead**

Scientific Founder: Acetylon, Oncopep

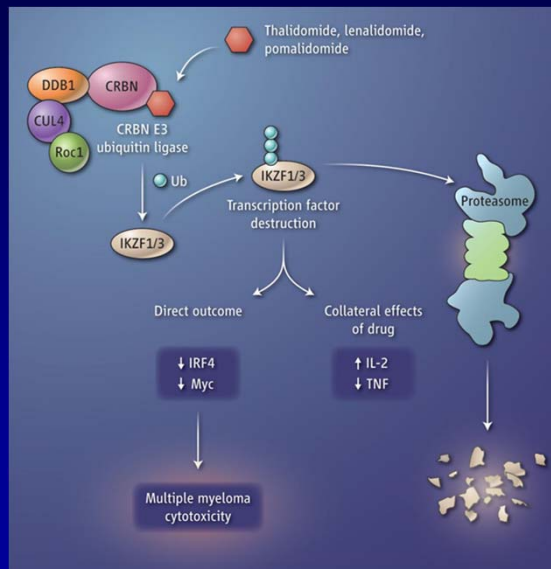




Lenalidomide in Myeloma



Mechanism of Action of Immunomodulatory Drugs



Kronke et al,
Science, 2014

Lu et al, Science,
2014

Integration of Novel Therapy

Into Myeloma Management

Bortezomib, Lenalidomide, Thalidomide, Doxil,
Carfilzomib, Pomalidamide

Target MM in the BM microenvironment to
overcome conventional drug resistance *in vitro*
and *in vivo*

Effective in relapsed/refractory, relapsed,
induction, consolidation, and
maintenance therapy

Nine FDA approvals and median survival
prolonged from 3-4 to 6-7 years, with additional
prolongation from maintenance

New approaches needed to treat and ultimately

Bortezomib, Lenalidomide and Dex Therapy

Lenalidomide induces caspase 8 mediated apoptosis of MM cells
in BM *in vitro* and *in vivo*; Dex (caspase 9) enhances response

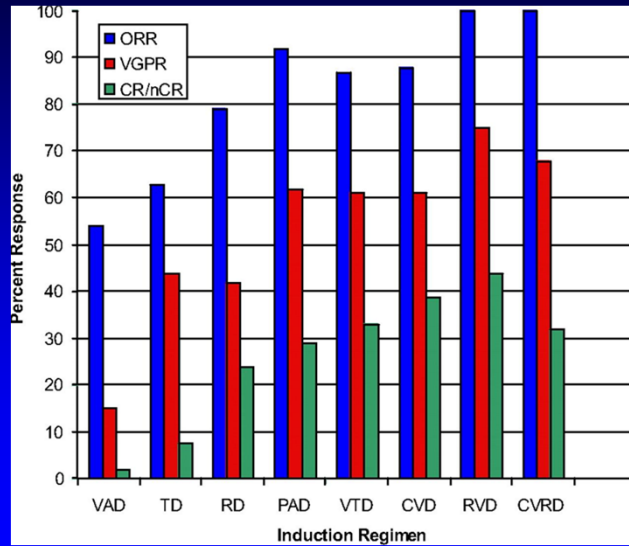
Synergistic MM cell toxicity of lenalidomide (caspase 8) with
Bortezomib (caspase 9>8) *in vitro* and *in vivo* (dual apoptotic
signaling)

Phase I-II trials show that majority (58%) of patients refractory to
either agent alone respond to the combination

Phase I-II trials show 100% response with 74% CR/VGPR and 52%
CR/nCR when used as initial therapy, including molecular
responses.

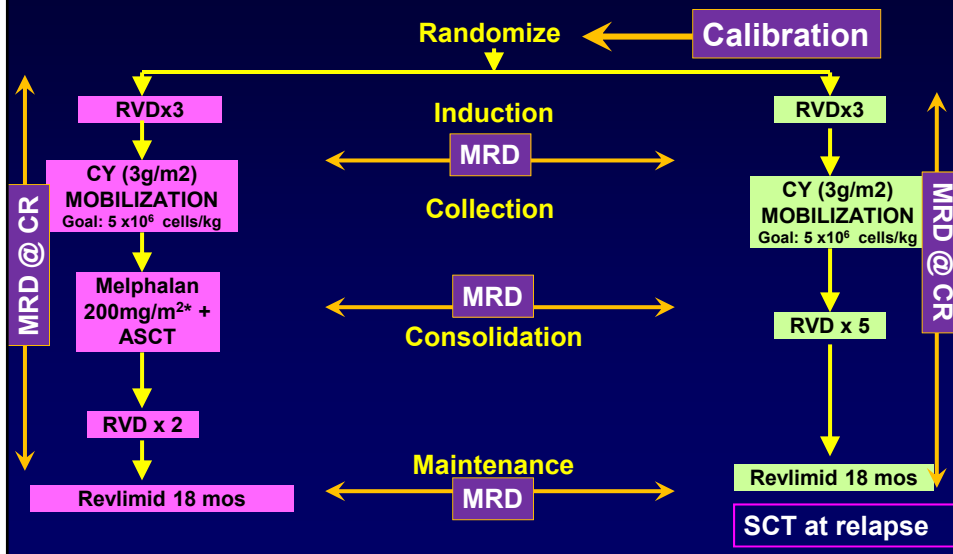
Richardson et al JCO 2009; 27:5713-19.
Richardson et al Blood 2010; 116:679-86.

Combinations in the Upfront Treatment of MM



Stewart AK, Richardson PG, San Miguel JF *Blood* 2009

IFM/DFCI 2009 Study Newly Diagnosed MM (N=1,000)



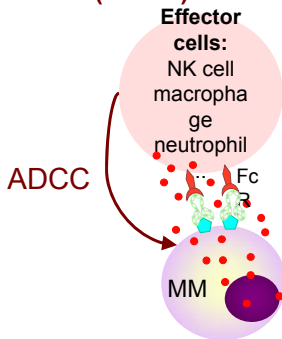
Current and Future Directions

1. immune therapies
1. Targeting the myeloma microenvironment
1. Targeting protein degradation
4. Targeting the myeloma epigenome
5. Targeting the myeloma genome

Myeloma will be a chronic illness, with sustained CR in a significant fraction of patients.

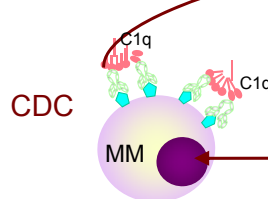
MAb Based Therapeutic Targeting of MM

Antibody-dependent Cellular Cytotoxicity (ADCC)



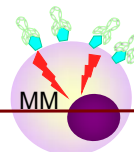
- > Lucatumumab or Dacetuzumab (CD40)
- > Elotuzumab (CS1)
- > Daratumumab (CD38)
- > XmAb[®]5592 (HM1.24)
- > SAR650984 (CD38)

Complement-dependent Cytotoxicity (CDC)



- > Daratumumab (CD38)
- > SAR650984 (CD38)

Apoptosis/growth arrest via intracellular signaling pathways



- > huN901-DM1* (CD56)
- > nBT062-maytansinoid /DM4* (CD138)
- > 1339 (IL-6)
- > BHQ880 (DKK)
- > RAP-011 (activin A)
- > Daratumumab (CD38)
- > SAR650984 (CD38)
- > J6M0-MMAF* (BCMA)

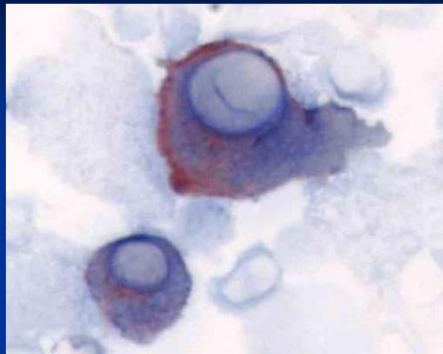
* Ab drug conjugate

Updated from Tai & Anderson *Bone Marrow Research* 201

Iterative Bedside to Bench and Back Development of Elotuzumab and Lenalidomide Dexamethasone

- CS1 is highly and uniformly expressed at gene and protein level on patient MM cells
- Elotuzumab (Elo) is a humanized monoclonal antibody targeting CS1 in preclinical models
- Clinical trial of Elo in MM achieved stable disease
- ADCC activity of Elo against MM enhanced by lenalidomide (len) in preclinical models (Tai et al, Blood 2008)
- **Phase I/II trials: 80-90% response to len dex elo in relapsed MM, PFS >33 months**
- Phase III trial of len dex elo versus len dex ongoing in relapsed MM for new drug approval

Phase I Trial of Vaccination with DC/MM Fusions in Relapsed Refractory MM



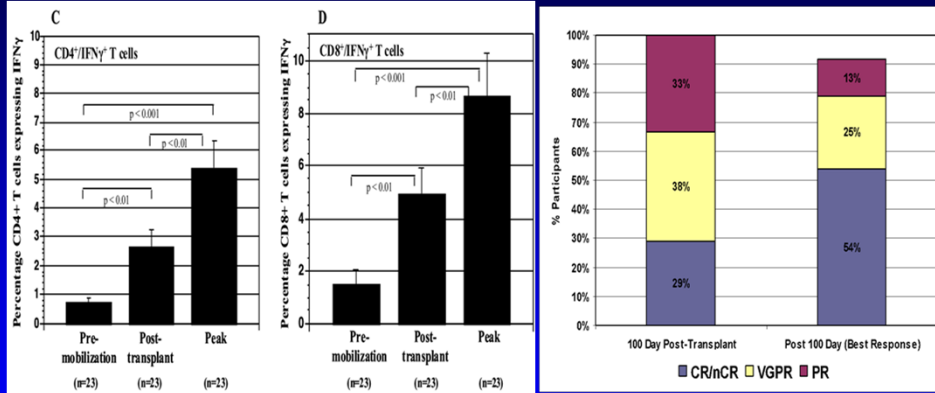
- DC/MM fusions induce anti-MM immunity in vitro and inhibit MM cell growth in vivo in xenograft models

- Well tolerated, no autoimmunity
- Induced tumor reactive lymphocytes in a majority of patients
- Induced humoral responses to novel antigens (SEREX analysis)
- Disease stabilization in 70% of patients

■ Vasir et al. Brit J Hematol 2005; 129: 687-700

Rosenblatt et al Blood 2011; 117:393-402.

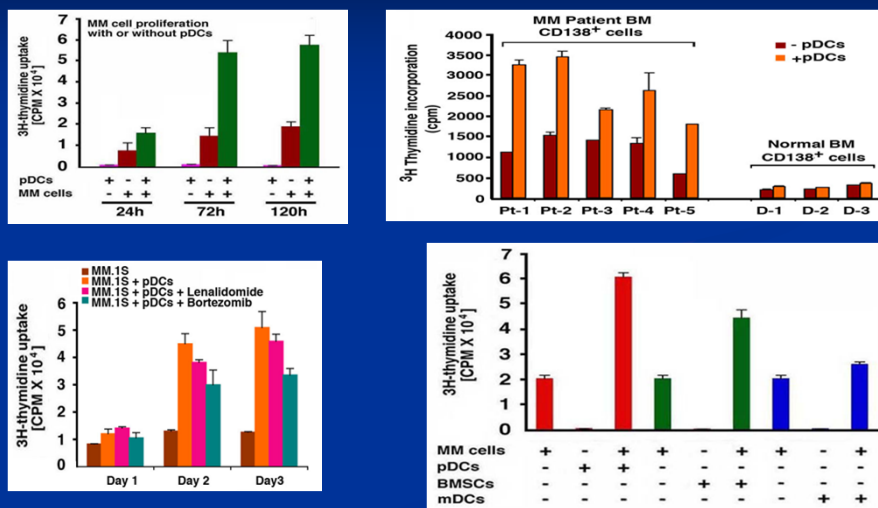
Background: MM/DC Vaccination following Autologous PBSCT for Myeloma



Rosenblatt et al, CCR 2013; 19: 3640-8.

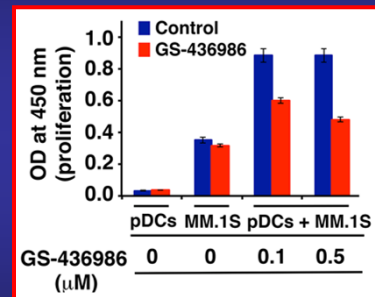
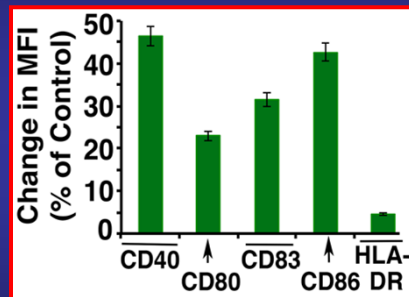
CTN Randomized trial of lenalidomide with or without vaccine posttransplant this year
Avigan et al

Plasmacytoid DCs Promote Growth, Survival, and Drug-Resistance in Myeloma



Chauhan et al: Cancer Cell 2009; 16: 1-15

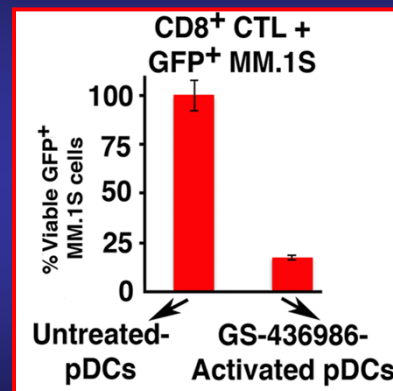
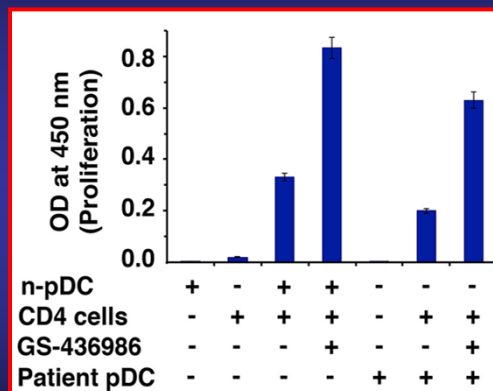
Targeting TLR-7 with GS-436986 Triggers pDCs Maturation and Blocks pDC-induced MM Cell Growth



Phase I Clinical Trial

Chauhan et al, 2014

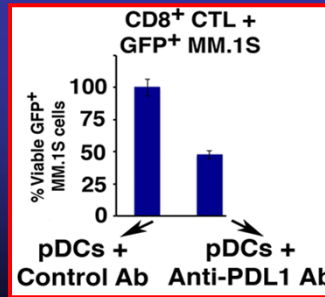
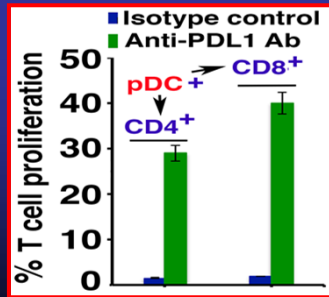
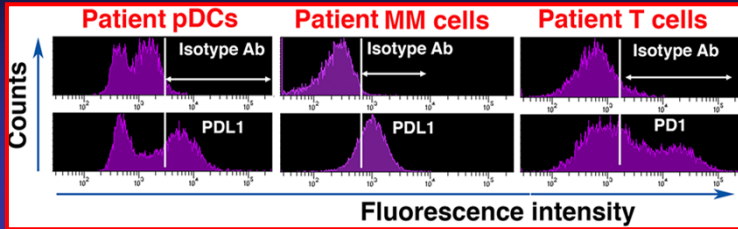
Targeting TLR-7 with GS-436986 Triggers MM-specific CTL Activity



Phase I Clinical Trial

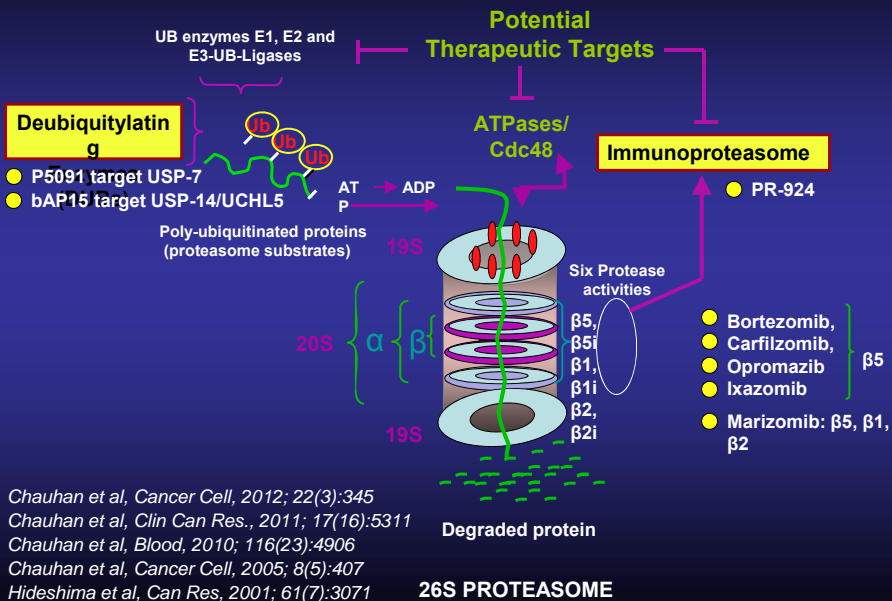
Chauhan et al, 2014

Targeting PD1-PDL1 Immunologic Checkpoint in pDC-T Cell and pDC-MM Cell Interactions

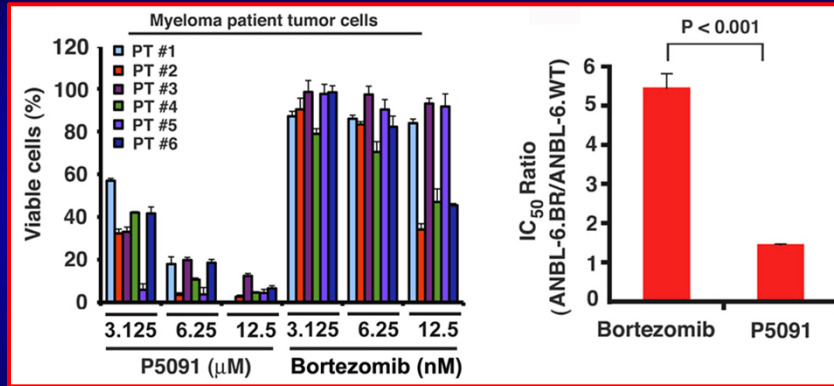


Chauhan et al, 2014

Targeting Ubiquitin Proteasome System

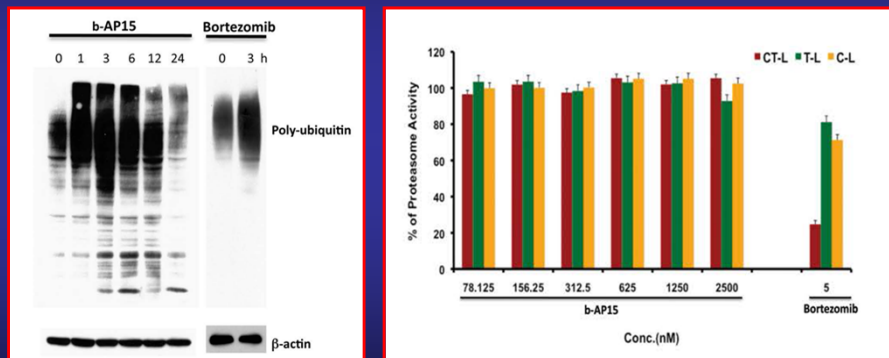


P5091 Overcomes Bortezomib-Resistance in Patient MM cells and Cell Lines



Chauhan et al, Cancer Cell 2012; 22: 345-58.

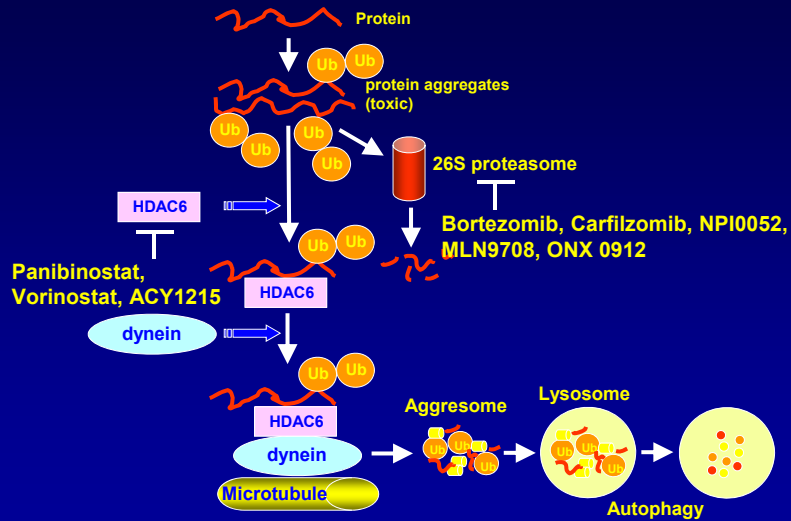
b-AP15, a Novel USP14/UCHL5 Inhibitor, Induces Polyubiquitination Without Blocking Proteasome Catalytic Activities



Clinical Trial in Relapsed /Refractory MM

Tian et al. Blood 2014; 123: 706-16

Development of Rationally-Based Combination Therapies (HDAC and Proteasome Inhibitors)



Hideshima et al. *Clin Cancer Res.* 2005;11:8530. Catley et al. *Blood.* 2006;108:3441-9.

PANORAMA 1: A Randomized, Double-Blind, Phase 3 Study of Panobinostat or Placebo Plus Bortezomib and Dexamethasone in Relapsed or Relapsed and Refractory Multiple Myeloma

Improvement in median PFS of 4 mos w/o difference in ORR or OS

Two-fold increase in nCR/CR rate (28% vs 16%)

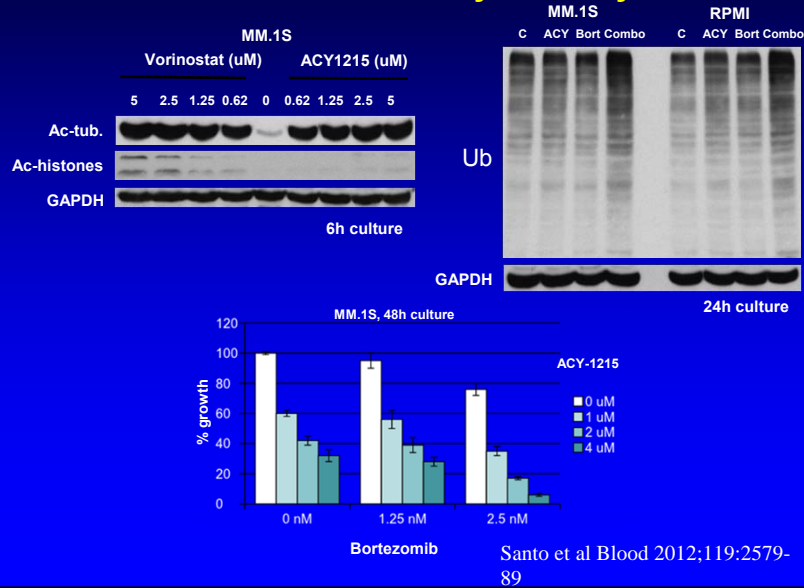
Higher rate of Grade $\frac{3}{4}$ diarrhea (25.5% vs 8%), fatigue (23.0% vs 11.9%), thrombocytopenia (67.4% vs 31.4%), and leucopenia (34.5% vs 11.4%), discontinuation due to AE (33.6% vs 17.3%).

Confirms the efficacy of PAN-BTZ-Dex observed in heavily pretreated, BTZ-refractory pts (PANORAMA 2): ORR: 34.5%; CBR: 52.7%; median PFS: 5.4 mos; median OS: 17.5 mos^{1,2}

Need for less toxic more selective HDACi that can be given with PI to exploit synergistic cytotoxicity.

1. Richardson PG, et al. *Blood.* 2013;122:2331-2337
2. Richardson PG et al. *Blood* 2013; 122:Abstract 1970

HDAC6 Selective Inhibitor ACY-1215 (Ricolinostat) Enhances Bortezomib-Induced Cytotoxicity



ACY1215 Alone and With Bortezomib in Relapsed/Refractory MM

Monotherapy

- 6/15 patients had stable disease (SD) as their best response.

Combination with bortezomib and dexamethasone

- 20/22 were evaluable for response assessment in six combination cohorts
- Overall response rate (\geq PR): 25% in heavily pretreated patients
- 5 patients withdrew after one cycle and 3 had progressive disease after 2 cycles
- Clinical benefit rate (\geq SD): 60%
- 6/10 patients refractory to bortezomib had \geq SD (1 VGPR, 1 MR, 4 SD)
- Responding patients have been on study 2 to 16 cycles
- All 3 patients treated 240 mg QD cohort had MR or better

Raje et al,
ASH 2013

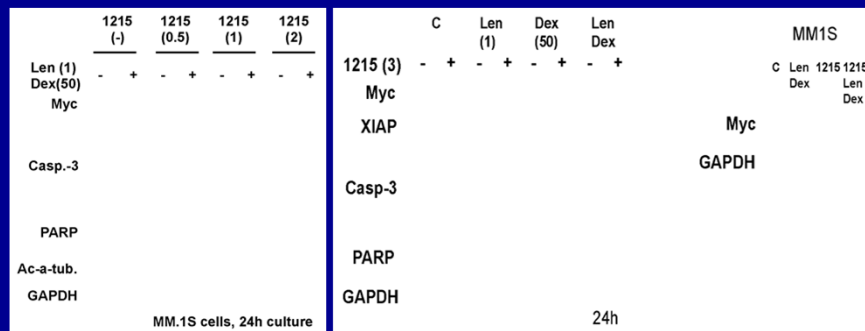
VGPR	2
PR	3
MR ¹	2
SD	5

Monotherapy response data from Final CSR. Combination response data pulled from live database Nov 8, 2013

¹ One patient had a 26% decrease in M Protein after Cycle 2 and withdrew after two subsequent cycles with SD

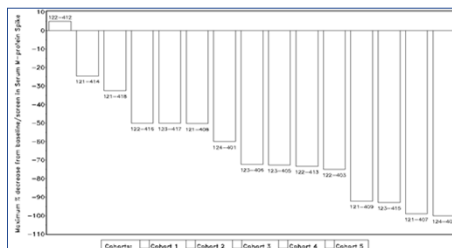
ACY-1215, Lenalidomide and Dexamethasone Inhibits c-Myc Expression

Hideshima et al, 2013



ACY-1215 in Combination with Len and Dex in Relapsed/Refractory MM

M protein % change

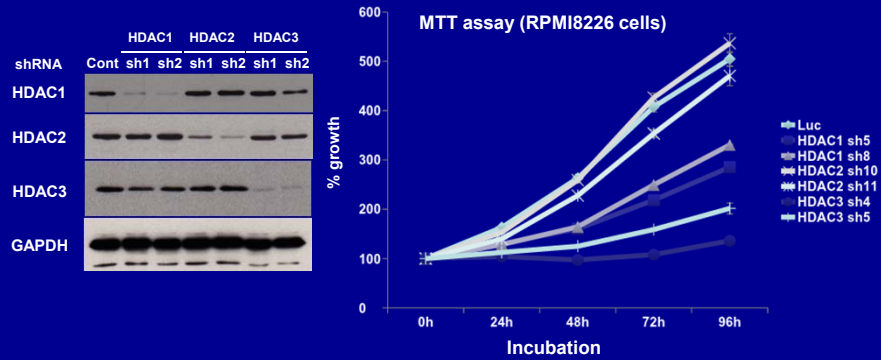


CR	1
VGPR	3
PR ¹	7
MR	2
SD	3

- 11/16 pts (69%) had PR or better
- 16/16 pts (100%) had clinical benefit (including MR and SD)

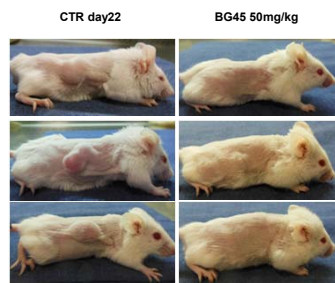
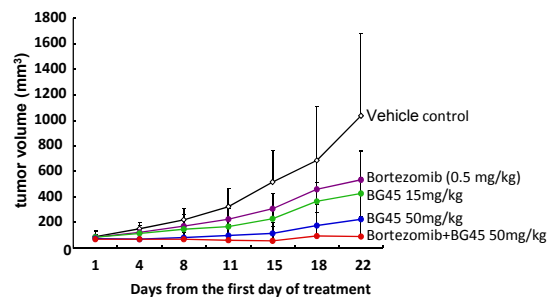
Yee, et al, ASH 2013

HDAC3 Knockdown Induces MM Cytotoxicity



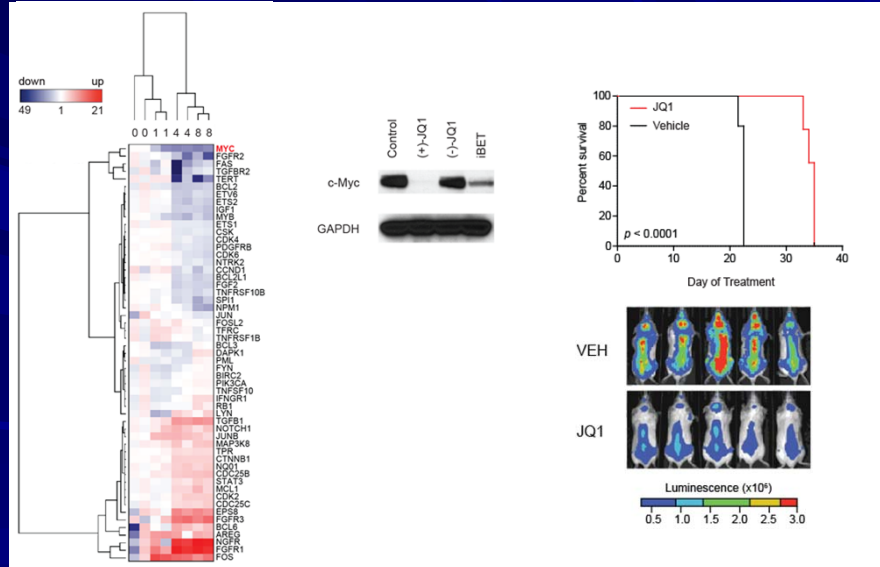
Minami et al. Leukemia 2014;28: 680-9.

In Vivo Anti-MM Activity of HDAC 3 Inhibitor BG45



Minami et al. Leukemia 2014;28: 680-9

BET Bromodomain Inhibition Suppresses c-myc Expression and Function and Triggers Anti-MM Activity



Clinical Trial Ongoing

Delmore JE., Issa GC, et al Cell 2011; 146:904.

Mutations in Myeloma 19 patients each with newly diagnosed and relapsed MM

Chapman et al Nature 2011; 471: 467-72.

- **Protein homeostasis:** 42% including FAM46C, RPL10, RPS6KA1, EIF3B, XBP1, LRRK2
- **NF- κ B signaling:** 10 point mutations, 4 additional structural rearrangements affecting coding
Confers bortezomib sensitivity
- **Histone methylating enzymes:** WHSC1, UTX, MLL
- **BRAF:** 4% activating Single patient MM response
Andrulis et al Cancer Discovery 2013; 3: 862-9.

PSMB5 β 5 proteasome subunit mutation confers proteasome inhibitor resistance in laboratory, not identified in clinic

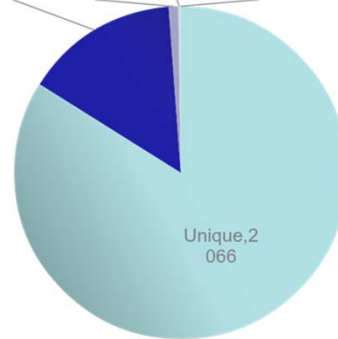
Lichter et al Blood 2012; 120: 4513-16.

Heterogeneity of Somatic Variants

Total n. of genes found in screen	2462
Cancer Census* Genes	83
Non Cancer Census Genes	2379
Recurrent ≥ 2	396
Unique	2066

Distribution of genes

Recurrent <5%, 367
 Recurrent 5-10%, 23
 Recurrent 10-15%, 5
 Recurrent >20%, 1

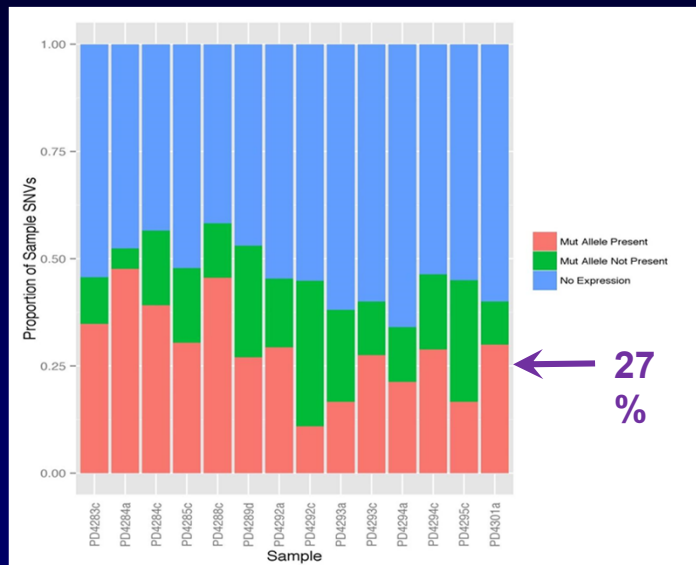


Non-synonymous variant recurrence

Gene	n. of cases	% recurrent
KRAS	16	23.9%
BRAF	9	21.4%
NRAS	8	11.9%
RYR2	8	11.9%
FSIP2	7	10.4%
TP53	7	10.4%
FAT4	5	7.5%
HMCN1	5	7.5%
DNAH5	5	7.5%
ZFH4	5	7.5%
PEG3AS	5	7.5%
FLG	4	6.0%
PTPRZ1	4	6.0%
DNAH9	4	6.0%
GPR98	4	6.0%

* Futreal A.P. et al, Nat Rev Cancer (2004).4,177-183

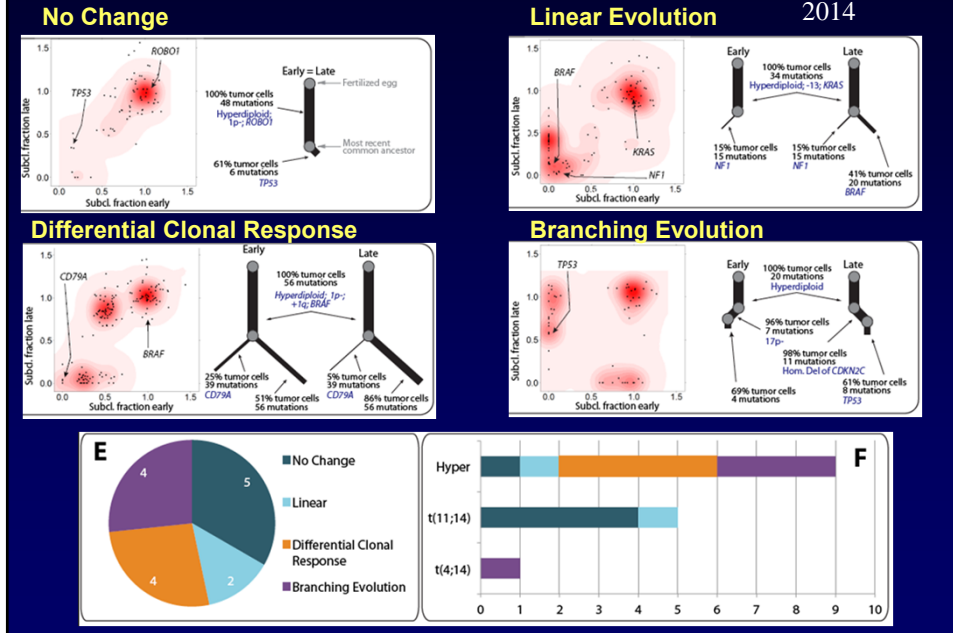
Limited Expression of Mutated Genes What Mutations Are Relevant?



(Rashid et al. Blood, 2014 In Press)

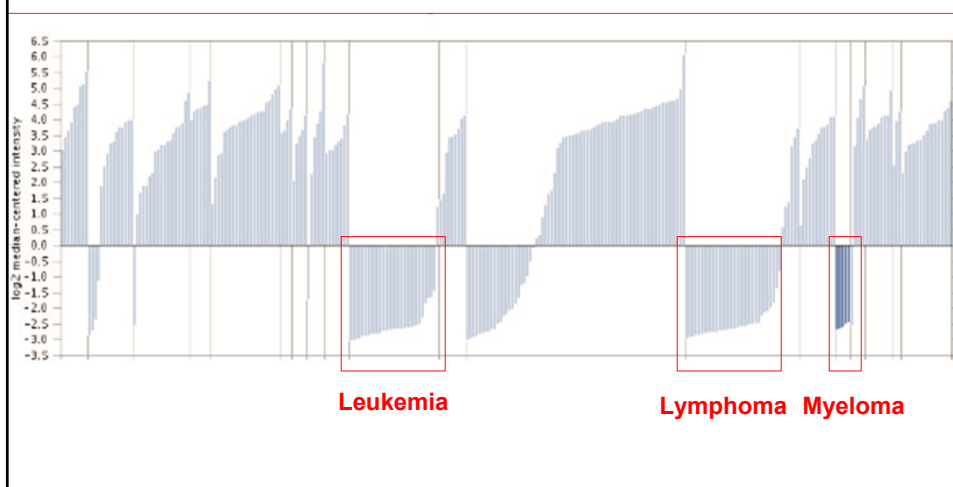
Genomic Evolution in Myeloma and Patterns of Clonal Change

Bolli et al, Nature Comm, 2014



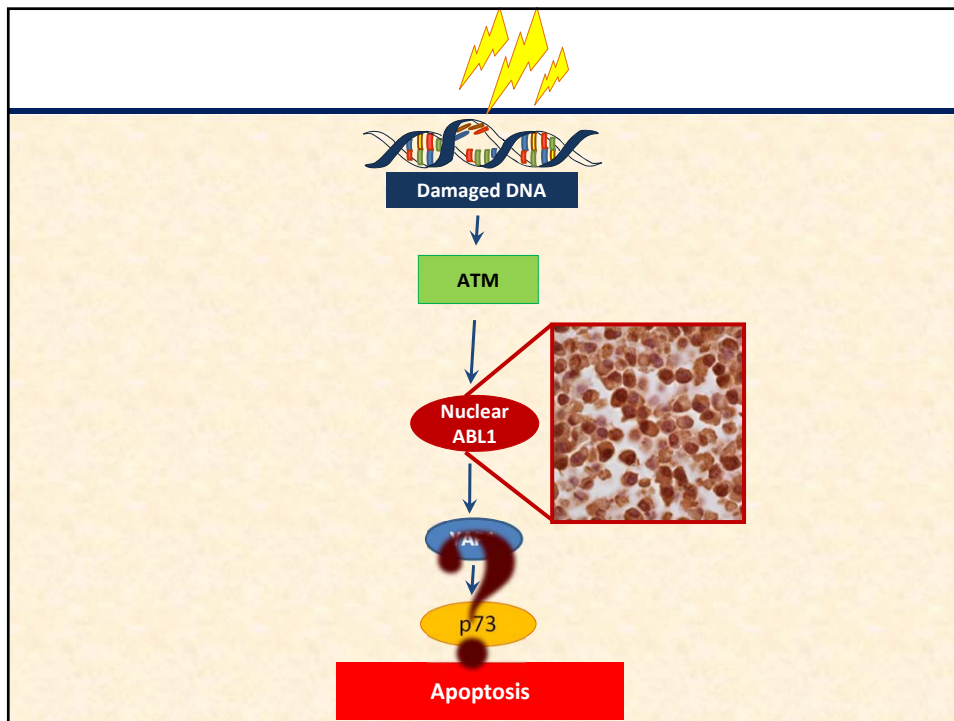
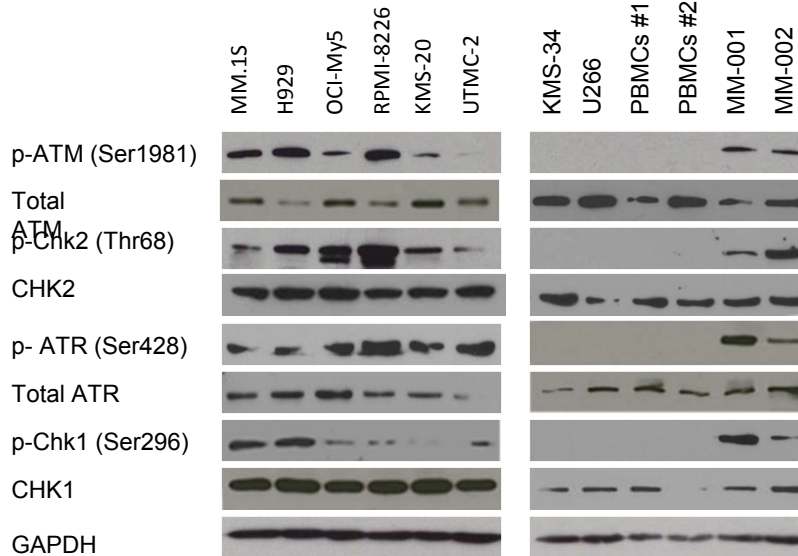
YAP1 low expression correlates with poor clinical outcome in hematological patients

Cottini et al Nat Med 2014;20:599-606

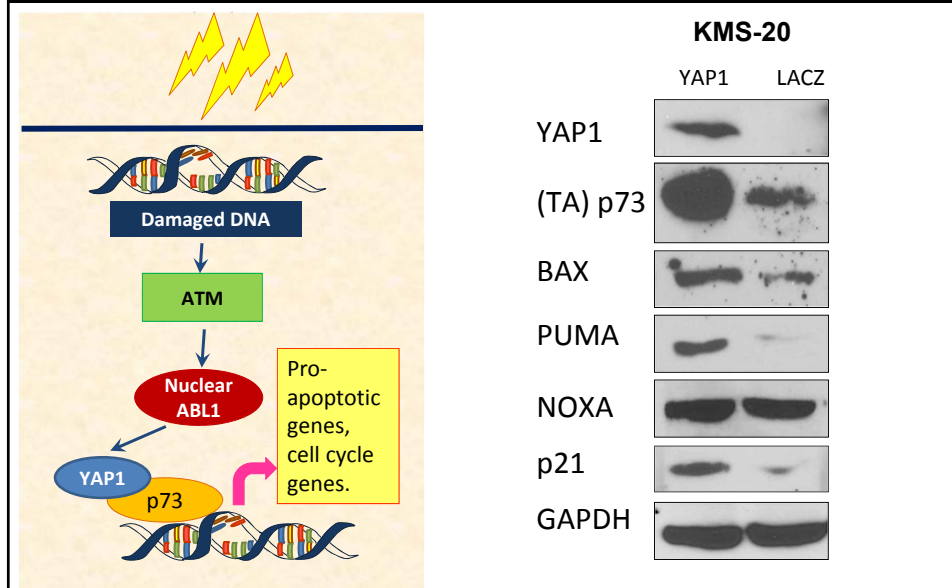


MM cells have DNA damage response (DDR) markers

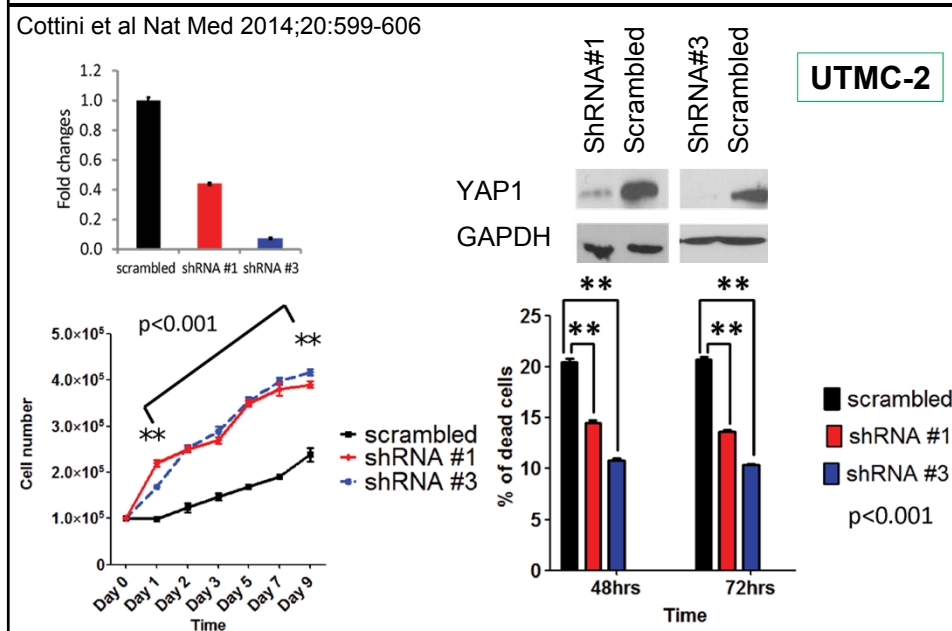
Cottini et al Nat Med 2014;20:599-606



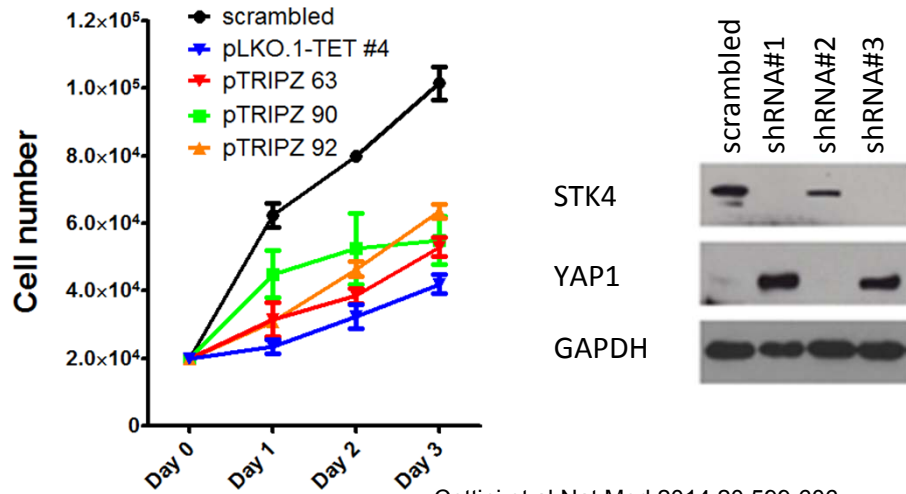
YAP1 overexpression induces p73 and p73-target genes



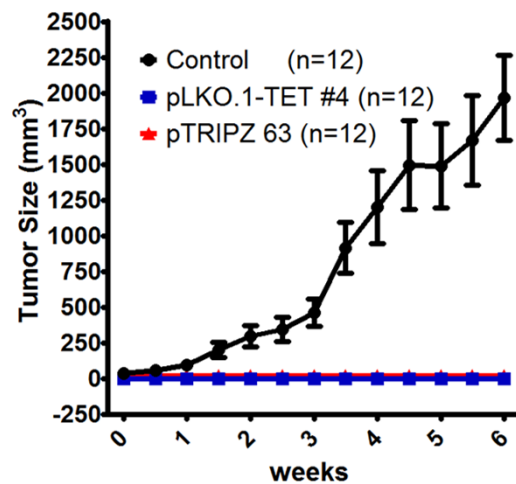
YAP1 silencing increases MM growth



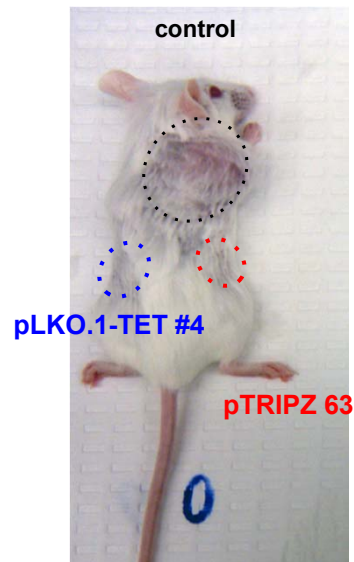
STK4 inhibition blocks MM growth in *in vitro* systems

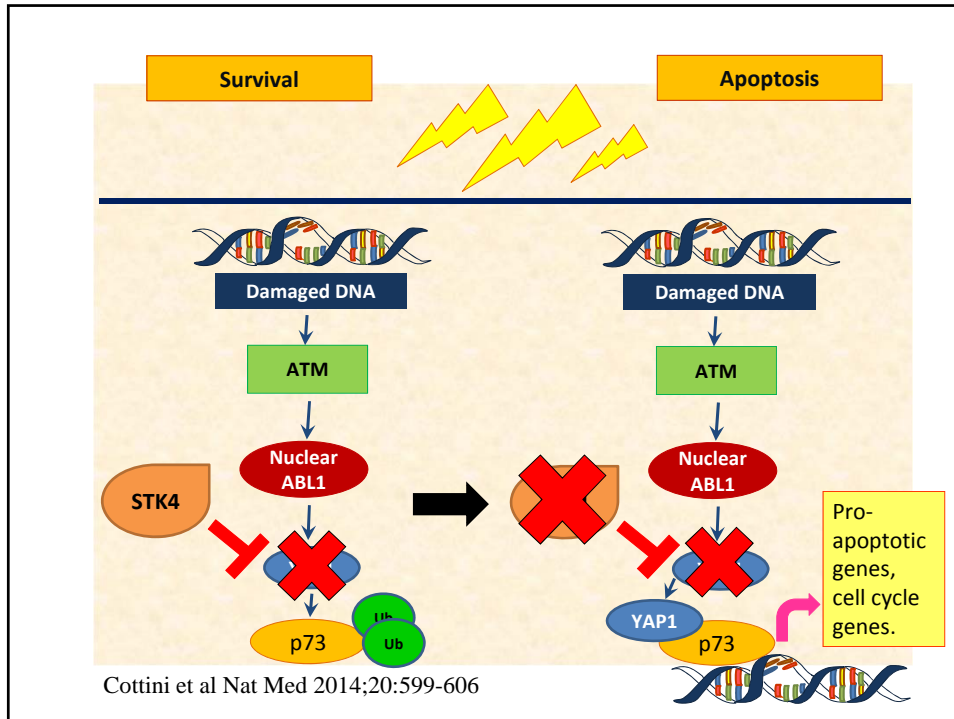


STK4 silencing blocks MM growth in *in vivo* xenograft models



Cottini et al Nat Med 2014;20:599-606





Current and Future Directions

1. immune therapies
1. Targeting the myeloma microenvironment
1. Targeting protein degradation
4. Targeting the myeloma epigenome
5. Targeting the myeloma genome

Myeloma will be a chronic illness, with sustained CR in a significant fraction of patients.

United Nations Against Myeloma: Bench to Bedside Research Team

 USA	Kenneth Anderson Nikhil Munshi Paul Richardson Robert Schlossman Irene Chobrial Steven Treon Jacob Laubach Deborah Doss Kathleen Colson Mary McKenney Kim Noonan Tina Flaherty Kathleen Finn Muriel Gannon Stacey Chuma Janet Kunsman Diane Warren Carolyn Revta Andrea Freeman Alexis Fields Andrea Kolligian John Feather Farzana Masood Nora Loughney Heather Goddard Tiffany Poon Nicole Stavitzski Ranjit Banwait Shawna Corman Heather Goddard Meghan Marie Leahy Caitlin O'Gallagher Christina Tripsas Karin Anderson Shannon Viera Katherine Redman Amber Walsh Samir Amin Wanling Xie Parantu Shah Holly Bartel Lisa Popitz Jeffrey Sorrell	 Japan	Teru Hideshima Constantine Mitsiades Dharminder Chauhan Noopur Raj Yu-Tzu Tai Ruben Carrasco James Bradner Gullu Gorgun Joeoun Bae Francesca Cottini Michele Cea Antonia Cagnetta Teresa Calimeri Edie Weller Ajita Singh Ze Tian Diana Cirstea Yiguo Hu Naoya Mimura Jiro Minami Sun-Yung Kong Weihua Song Douglas McMillin Catriona Hayes Steffen Kippel Jana Jakubikova Panisinee Lawasut Niels van de Donk Eugen Dhimolea Jake Delmore Hannah Jacobs Masood Shammam Mariateresa Fulcinitti Jianhong Lin Jagannath Pal Samantha Pozzi Loredana Santo Claire Fabre Anuj Mahindra Rao Prabhala Jake Delmore Puru Nanjappa Michael Sellito Avani Vaishnav	 Greece	 Taiwan	 Canada	 Taiwan	 Germany	 Turkey	 Italy	 Austria	 Australia	 Israel	 China	 Ireland
---	--	---	--	--	--	--	--	---	--	---	---	---	--	---	---

